

Exam on the Mechanics of Structures (MoS3 CES), 17.06.2019

LAST NAME, FIRST NAME (PLEASE, HANDWRITE VERY CLEARLY WITH CAPITAL LETTERS)			
index number			
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Problem 1.

Calculate the reactions at supports for a beam in Fig. 1

$$EJ = \text{const.}, k = 4 \frac{EJ}{l^4}$$

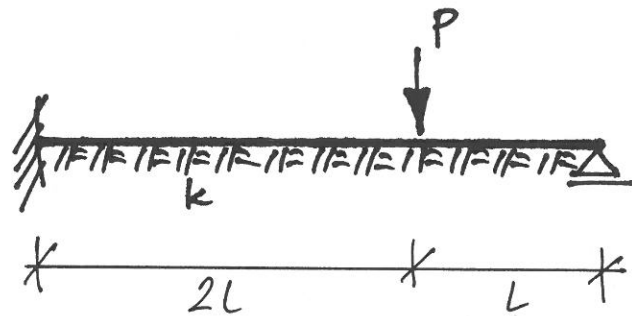


Fig. 1

Problem 2.

Calculate the frequency of natural vibrations for a curved bar in Fig. 2.

Next, calculate the reactions at supports for $t = 0$ sec., $t = 5$ sec., and $t = 10$ sec.

Assume:

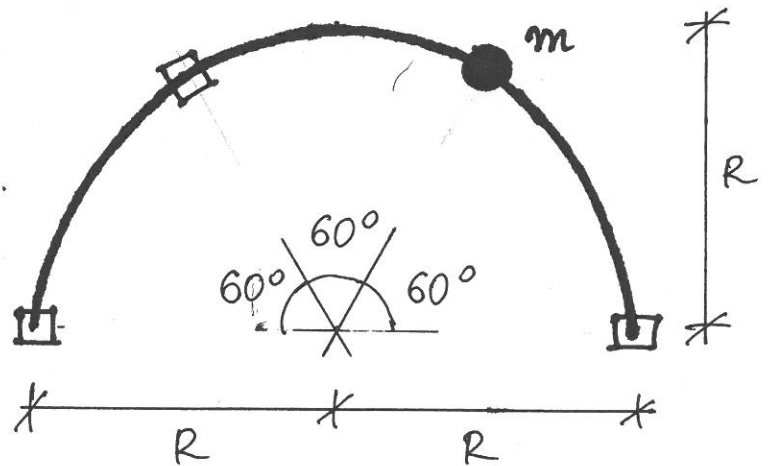
$$E = 205 \text{ GPa}, G = 0.385 E,$$

$$J = \frac{b^4 - a^4}{12}, J_s = 1.7 J,$$

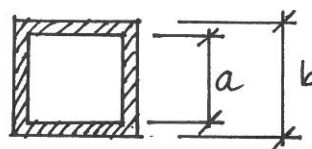
and

$$R = 2 \text{ m}, m = 100 \text{ kg}.$$

Initial conditions: $u(0) = 10 \text{ cm}$,
 $v(0) = 0 \text{ cm/sec}$.



cross-section of the bar:



square pipe

$$b = 20 \text{ cm}$$

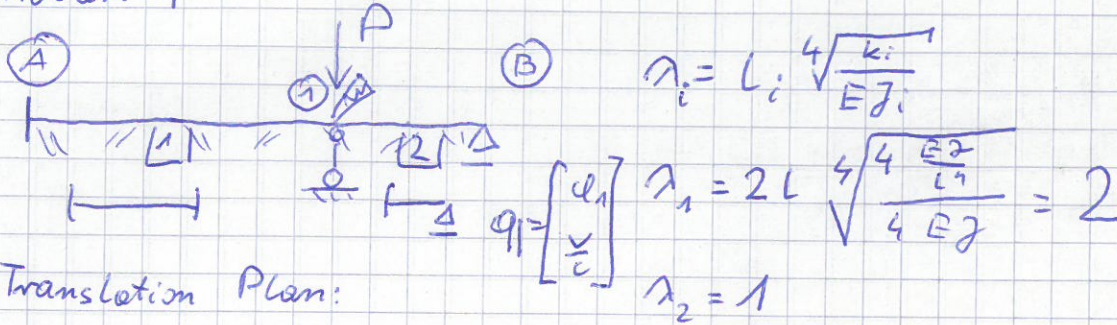
$$a = 18 \text{ cm}$$

Fig. 2

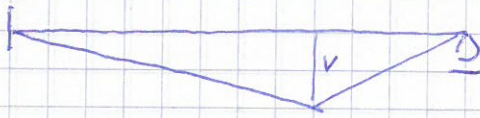
Problem 3.

Derive equilibrium equations for a circular bar in bending and twisting.

Problem 1



Translation Plan:



Bar	w^*	w^*	Γ
1	0	v	1
2	v	0	2

Equilibrium equations:

$$\begin{cases} \bar{\Phi}_1^1 + \bar{\Phi}_1^2 = 0 \\ -(W_1^1 v + W_1^2 v) + P v = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{EJ}{L} \begin{bmatrix} 5,35 & 1,07 \\ 1,07 & 8,23 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u_1 \\ \frac{v}{L} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} PL$$

$$u_1 = \ominus 0,0222 \frac{PL^2}{EJ}$$

$$\frac{v}{L} = 0,111 \frac{PL^2}{EJ}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{\Phi}_1^1 &= \frac{EJ}{2L} (\alpha(2) u_1 - \psi(2) \frac{v}{L}) = \\ &= \frac{EJ}{L} (2,275 u_1 - 2,268 \frac{v}{L}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{\Phi}_1^2 &= \frac{EJ}{L} (\alpha'(1) u_1 + \psi'(1) \frac{v}{L}) = \\ &= \frac{EJ}{L} (3,075 u_1 + 3,338 \frac{v}{L}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_1^1 &= \ominus \frac{EJ}{(2L)^2} (\psi(2) u_1 - \gamma(2) \frac{v}{L}) = \\ &= \frac{EJ}{L^2} (\ominus 2,268 u_1 + 4,305 \frac{v}{L}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\bar{\Phi}_A^1 = \frac{EJ}{2L} (\beta(2) u_1 - \delta(2) \frac{v}{L}) = \ominus 0,136 PL \quad W_1^2 = \frac{EJ}{L^2} (\psi'(1) u_1 + \gamma'(1) \frac{v}{L}) =$$

$$W_A^1 = \frac{EJ}{(2L)^2} (\delta(2) u_1 - \epsilon(2) \frac{v}{L}) = \ominus 0,093 P = \frac{EJ}{L^2} (3,338 u_1 + 4,925 \frac{v}{L})$$

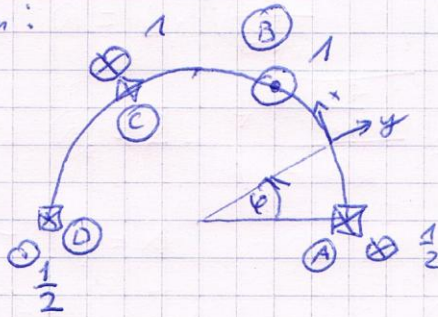
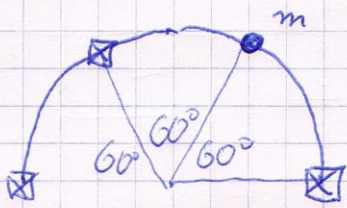
$$W_B^2 = \ominus \frac{EJ}{L^2} (\delta'(1) u_1 + \epsilon'(1) \frac{v}{L}) = \ominus 0,209 P$$



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Problem 2

1 degree of freedom:



Torque:

$$M(\varphi) = R \cdot \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos \varphi) & \varphi \in [0, \frac{\pi}{3}] \\ \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos \varphi) - 1(1 - \cos(\varphi - \frac{\pi}{3})) & \varphi \in [\frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{2}{3}\pi] \\ \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos \varphi) - 1(1 - \cos(\varphi - \frac{\pi}{3})) + 1(1 - \cos(\varphi - \frac{2}{3}\pi)) & \varphi \in [\frac{2}{3}\pi, \pi] \end{cases}$$

Bending:

$$M(\varphi) = R \cdot \begin{cases} -\frac{1}{2} \sin \varphi & \varphi \in [0, \frac{\pi}{3}] \\ -\frac{1}{2} \sin \varphi + 1 \sin(\varphi - \frac{\pi}{3}) & \varphi \in [\frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{2}{3}\pi] \\ -\frac{1}{2} \sin \varphi + 1 \sin(\varphi - \frac{\pi}{3}) - 1 \sin(\varphi - \frac{2}{3}\pi) & \varphi \in [\frac{2}{3}\pi, \pi] \end{cases}$$

$$J = \frac{13756}{3} [\text{cm}^4] = \frac{13756}{3 \cdot 10^8} [\text{m}^4]; \quad E = 205 \left[\frac{\text{GN}}{\text{m}^2} \right] = 2,05 \cdot 10^{11} \left[\frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}^2} \right]$$

$$J_s = 1,7 J = 7,8 \cdot 10^{-5} [\text{m}^4] \quad G = 0,385 E = 7,89 \cdot 10^{10} \left[\frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}^2} \right]$$

$$d_{11} = \frac{1}{EJ} \left[\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \sin \varphi \right)^2 R^2 R d\varphi + \int_{\frac{\pi}{3}}^{\frac{2}{3}\pi} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \sin \varphi + \sin(\varphi - \frac{\pi}{3}) \right)^2 R^2 R d\varphi + \int_{\frac{2}{3}\pi}^{\pi} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \sin \varphi + \sin(\varphi - \frac{\pi}{3}) - \sin(\varphi - \frac{2}{3}\pi) \right)^2 R^2 R d\varphi + \frac{1}{GJ_s} \left[\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \left(\frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos \varphi) \right)^2 R^2 R d\varphi + \int_{\frac{\pi}{3}}^{\frac{2}{3}\pi} \left[\frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos \varphi) - (1 - \cos(\varphi - \frac{\pi}{3})) \right]^2 R^2 R d\varphi + \int_{\frac{2}{3}\pi}^{\pi} \left[\frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos \varphi) - (1 - \cos(\varphi - \frac{\pi}{3})) + (1 - \cos(\varphi - \frac{2}{3}\pi)) \right]^2 R^2 R d\varphi \right] = \dots = 0,221 \frac{R^3}{EJ} + 0,141 \frac{R^3}{GJ_s} = 3,71 \cdot 10^{-7} \left[\frac{\text{s}^2}{\text{kg}} \right]$$

$$\omega = \frac{1}{\sqrt{0,11 \text{ m}}} = 164 \left[\frac{1}{\text{s}} \right]$$

$$q(t) = A_1 \sin(\omega t) + A_2 \cos(\omega t) \quad q(0) = 0,1 \text{ [m]} \Rightarrow A_2 = 0,1 \text{ [m]}$$

$$\dot{q}(t) = A_1 \omega \cos(\omega t) - A_2 \omega \sin(\omega t) \quad \dot{q}(0) = 0 \left[\frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} \right] \Rightarrow A_1 = 0 \left[\frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} \right]$$

$$q(t) = 0,1 \cos(164 t)$$

$$B(t) = -m \ddot{q}(t) = m \omega^2 A_2 \cos(\omega t) = 2,7 \cdot 10^5 \cdot \cos(164 t) \text{ [N]}$$

$$B(0_s) = 2,7 \cdot 10^5 \text{ [N]} \quad V_A(0_s) = -\frac{1}{2} B(0) = -1,35 \cdot 10^5 \text{ [N]}$$

$$V_C(0_s) = -B(0) = -2,7 \cdot 10^5 \text{ [N]}$$

$$V_D(0_s) = \frac{1}{2} B(0) = 1,35 \cdot 10^5 \text{ [N]}$$

$$B(5_s) = -2,4 \cdot 10^5 \text{ [N]} \quad V_A(5_s) = -\frac{1}{2} B(5_s) = 1,2 \cdot 10^5 \text{ [N]}$$

$$V_C(5_s) = -B(5_s) = 2,4 \cdot 10^5 \text{ [N]}$$

$$V_D(5_s) = \frac{1}{2} B(5_s) = -1,2 \cdot 10^5 \text{ [N]}$$

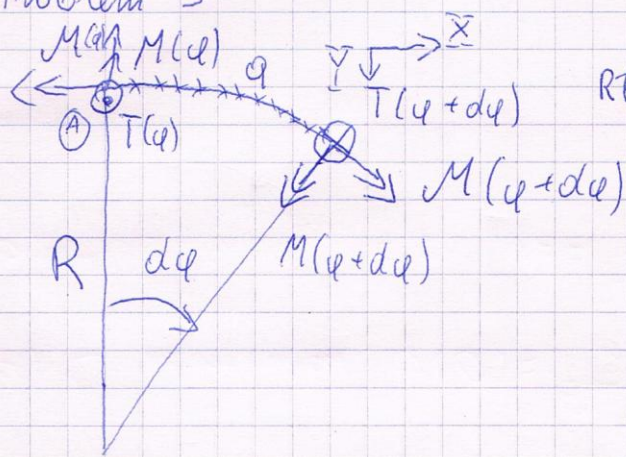
$$B(10_s) = 1,7 \cdot 10^5 \text{ [N]} \quad V_A(10_s) = -\frac{1}{2} B(10_s) = -0,85 \cdot 10^5 \text{ [N]}$$

$$V_C(10_s) = -B(10_s) = -1,7 \cdot 10^5 \text{ [N]}$$

$$V_D(10_s) = \frac{1}{2} B(10_s) = 0,85 \cdot 10^5 \text{ [N]}$$

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Problem 3



Center of mass of q:

$$x = R \left(1 - \frac{\sin d\varphi}{d\varphi} \right)$$

$$y = R \frac{1 - \cos d\varphi}{d\varphi}$$

$$\sum F_z = 0$$

$$T(\varphi+d\varphi) - T(\varphi) + qRd\varphi = 0$$

$$\frac{T(\varphi+d\varphi) - T(\varphi)}{d\varphi} + qR = 0 \quad \lim d\varphi \rightarrow 0$$

$$\boxed{\frac{dT(\varphi)}{d\varphi} + qR = 0}$$

$$\sum M_{\bar{z}}^A = 0$$

$$M(\varphi+d\varphi) \cos d\varphi - M(\varphi+d\varphi) \sin d\varphi + T(\varphi+d\varphi) R (1 - \cos d\varphi) + qd\varphi R R \left(1 - \frac{\sin d\varphi}{d\varphi} \right) = 0$$

$$\frac{M(\varphi+d\varphi) \cos d\varphi - M(\varphi) - M(\varphi+d\varphi) \frac{\sin d\varphi}{d\varphi} + T(\varphi+d\varphi) R \frac{1 - \cos d\varphi}{d\varphi} + qR^2 \left(1 - \frac{\sin d\varphi}{d\varphi} \right) = 0$$

$$\lim d\varphi \rightarrow 0$$

$$\boxed{\frac{dM(\varphi)}{d\varphi} + M(\varphi) = 0}$$

$$\sum M_{\bar{y}}^A = 0$$

$$M(\varphi+d\varphi) \cos d\varphi + M(\varphi+d\varphi) \sin d\varphi - M(\varphi) - T(\varphi+d\varphi) R \sin d\varphi +$$

$$+ qd\varphi R R \left(\frac{1 - \cos d\varphi}{d\varphi} \right) = 0$$

$$\frac{M(\varphi+d\varphi) \cos d\varphi - M(\varphi)}{d\varphi} + M(\varphi+d\varphi) \frac{\sin d\varphi}{d\varphi} - T(\varphi+d\varphi) R \frac{\sin d\varphi}{d\varphi} +$$

$$+ \varphi R^2 \frac{1 - \cos d\varphi}{d\varphi} = 0$$

$$\lim_{d\varphi \rightarrow 0}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{dM(\varphi)}{d\varphi} + M(\varphi) - T(\varphi) R = 0}$$

Used Formulas:

$$\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{F(x+\Delta x) - F(x)}{\Delta x} = \frac{\partial F(x)}{\partial x}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin \frac{x}{2}}{\frac{x}{2}} \sin \frac{x}{2} = 1 \cdot 0 = 0$$

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