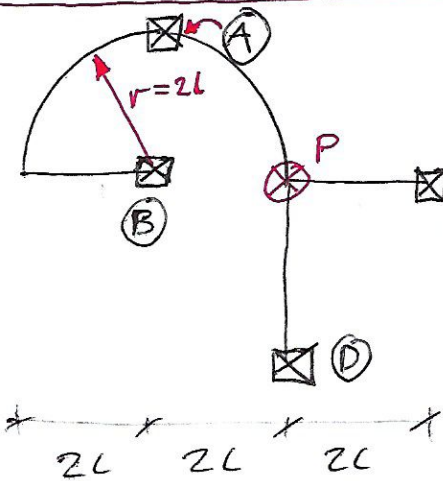
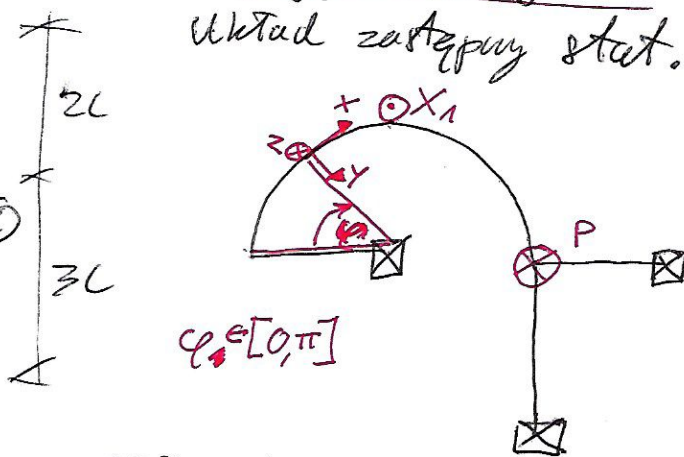


Znaleźć reakcję R_A ; $EJ = \text{const}$, $GJ_s = \frac{1}{2}EJ$.



Układ zastępczy stat. wyzn.:



$\varphi \in [0, \pi]$

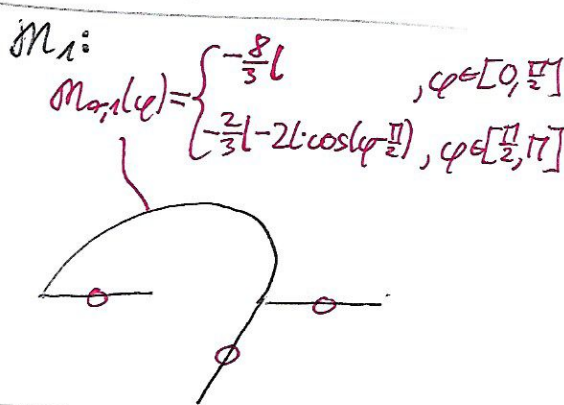
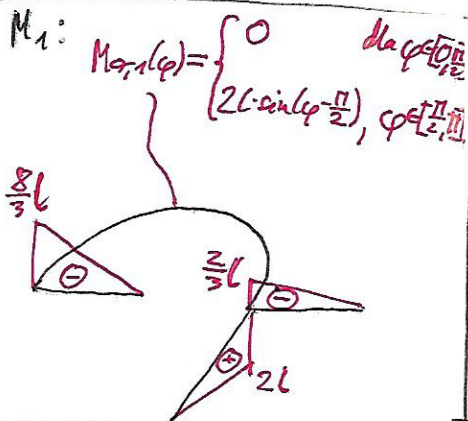
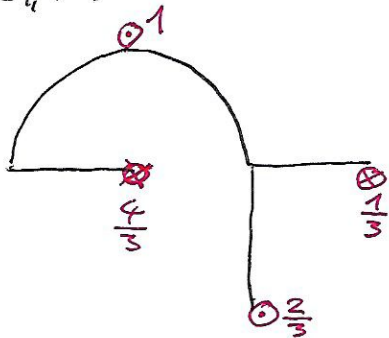
Układ biegunowy φ wraz z lokalnym układem współrzędnych (baza) na przecie zakrzywionym.

Reakcje, sily:

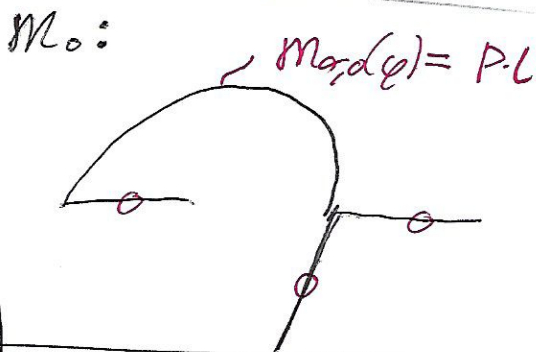
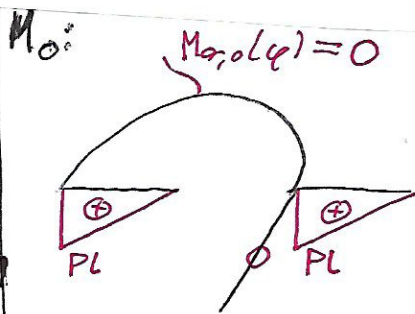
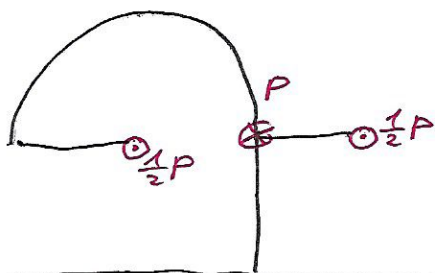
M:

M :

Stan "1":



Stan "0":



$$\delta_{11} = \frac{1}{EJ} \left[\left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{8}{3} L \cdot 2L \right) \left(\frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{8}{3} L \right) + \left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{3} L \cdot 2L \right) \left(\frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{2}{3} L \right) + \left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot 2L \cdot 3L \right) \left(-\frac{2}{3} \cdot 2L \right) \right] + \frac{1}{EJ} \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} [2L \cdot \sin(\varphi - \frac{\pi}{2})]^2 \cdot r \, d\varphi + \frac{1}{GJ_s} \left[\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left[-\frac{8}{3} L \right]^2 \cdot r \, d\varphi + \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} \left[-\frac{2}{3} L - 2L \cdot \cos(\varphi - \frac{\pi}{2}) \right]^2 \cdot r \, d\varphi \right]$$

$$\delta_{10} = \frac{1}{EJ} \left[\left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{8}{3} L \cdot 2L \right) \left(-\frac{2}{3} PL \right) + \left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{3} L \cdot 2L \right) \left(-\frac{2}{3} PL \right) \right] + \frac{1}{GJ_s} \left[\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left(-\frac{8}{3} L \right) (PL) \cdot r \, d\varphi + \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} \left[-\frac{2}{3} L - 2L \cdot \cos(\varphi - \frac{\pi}{2}) \right] \cdot (PL) \cdot r \, d\varphi \right] = -31.167 \frac{PL^3}{EJ}$$

$R_A = X_1 = -\frac{\delta_{10}}{\delta_{11}} = 0.362 P$